INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

FINAL EXAMINATION

FEBRUARY 2021

SET C

CLASS XII

Marking Scheme – PHYSICS [THEORY]

Q.NO.	Answers SECTION-A	Marks (with split up)
1.	Magnetic dipole moment	1
2.	Definition of self-inductance and SI unit	1/2 1/2
	OR	
	Any two losses	
3.	$f = Bq/2\pi m$	1
	$f \alpha 1/m$	
	$f_e > f_p$ so electron has more frequency	
4.	By accelerated or oscillating charge	1/2 ,1/2
	OR	
	Infrared waves	
5.	Definition of isotopes	1/2
	One example of isotopes	1/2
	OR	1/ 1/
	Two properties of nuclear force	1/2 1/2
6.	$KE = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 1.5 = 2.4 \times 10^{-19} J$	1
7.	$R = R_0 A^{1/3}$	1
8.	Solar cell	1
	OR	
	100 Hz	
9.	Reverse biased	1
10.	GaP or GaAs. They emit the maximum amount of energy in the form light	1
11.	b	1
12.	b	1
13.	d	1
14.	d	1
	SECTION-B	
15.	- (1) a (2) b (3) b (4) b (5) b	4 x 1
		mark
16.	(1) b (2) c (3) c (4) a (5) b	4 x 1
	anamov a	mark
17	SECTION-C	1
17.	$F/I = \mu_0/2\pi (I_1 I_2)/r$	1
	$F/I = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/m}$	1

18.	Two independent sources cannot be maintained constant phase difference	2
	With explanation otherwise 1 mark only	
	OR	
	When the slit width is doubled, the width of central band will be halved.	
	Intensity α Area of aperture	
	Intensity of the central band will be doubled	1
19.	Derivation of capacitance parallel capacitor	1/2
	Diagram	11/2
	Derivation	
	OR	
	Total current through the circuit is given by $I = V / R$	
	Here, $V = 2 V$	
	$R = (10 + 20) \Omega = 30 \Omega$	
	$\therefore I = \frac{2}{30} = \frac{1}{15} A$	1/
	Voltage across 10 Ω resistor	1/2
	$=I(10)=10/15=\frac{2}{3}$ V	1/2
		/2
	Charge on the capacitor is given by $Q = CV = (6 \times 10^{-6}) \times 2/3 = 4 \mu C$ (1)	1
20.	Energy of incident photon $E = hc/\lambda e = 2.07 \text{ eV}$	1
	For detection energy of light should be greater than forbidden energy gap	_
	D ₂ will detect the light	1
	-	
21.	Statement of Lenz's law and Expalanation	1/2
	-	$,1\frac{1}{2}$
22.	Two difference between n-type and p-type semiconductors	1.1
23.	Verification of laws of reflection by Huygen's principle	
	Diagram	1/2
	Verification	1½
24.	(a)Two necessary conditions for the phenomena of total internal reflection to occur.	
	(b) $N = 1/\sin C$	
25.	(i) Name the three elements of the Earth's magnetic field.	11/2
	(ii)At Equator	1/2
	OR	
	Given: $B_H = 0.4 \text{ G}$	
	or $B_E \cos 60^\circ = 0.4 \text{ G}$	2
J		1
	$B_E = \frac{0.4}{\cos 60^\circ} \left(\because \cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2}\right)$	

	SECTION-D	
26.	Derivation of Einstein's photoelectric equation.	2
	Any two features of photoelectric effect which cannot be explained by wave theory.	1/2 .1/2
	OR	
	Statement of de-Broglie hypothesis.	1
	h h	
	$\lambda_{\alpha} = \frac{n}{\sqrt{2m_{\alpha}q_{\alpha}V}}$	2
	and $\lambda_n = \frac{h}{h}$	
	$\sqrt{2m_p q_p V}$	
	$m_{\alpha} = 4m_{p}$	
	$q_{\alpha} = 4q_{\alpha}$	
	$q_p = e^{-\frac{1}{12}}$	
	$q_{\alpha} = 4e$	
	$\frac{\lambda_{\alpha}}{\lambda_{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{m_{p} \cdot e}{4m_{n} \cdot 2e}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$	
27.	For point A, when $I = 0$ $\therefore V_A = E$	1
		1
	E = y - intercept	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
	For point B, when V =0	
	$\therefore E = I_B r \qquad \text{Hence} \qquad \bigcup_{I \to B}$	
	$r = \frac{E}{I_R}$ r = negative slope of V- I graph	
	OR Solution. (i)For charging, the positive terminal of the	
	DC source is connected to the positive terminal of the battery. DC SOURCE	
	1 120 V	
	+144 - 3.52 15.5 ST	
	Therefore, during charging, the effective emf driving the	
	(charging) current in the circuit is $E' = 120 \text{ V} - 8.0 \text{ V} = 112 \text{ V}$	
	The series resistor is $R = 15.5 \Omega$. If r be the internal resistance of the battery, the charging current is	1/2
	$i = \frac{E'}{R+r} = \frac{112 \text{ V}}{(15.5 + 0.5) \Omega} = 7.0 \text{ A}$	
	(ii)The terminal voltage across the battery of emf E during charging is $V = E + i r = 8.0 \text{ V} + (7.0 \text{ A}) (5.0 \Omega) = 11.5 \text{ V}$	
	(iii) The chemical energy stored in the battery in 5 minutes is	
	$= EIt = (8.0V \times 7.0 \text{ A} \times (5 \times 60 \text{ s}) = 1.68 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J}$	
	The series resistor 15 Ω control the current drawn from external DC source.	1
	In absence of 15 Ω current in circuit will be very large	1/2
	I = 112/0.5 = 224 A	72

28.	Statement of mutual inductance	1
	Derivation	2
29.	Derivation for the total energy of the electron in the stationary states of the hydrogen	
	atom.	
	KE expression	1
	PE expression	1
	Total energy expression after the substation of value of radius of orbit	1
30.	a)Distinguish between nuclear fission and fusion.	1/2
	explanation how in both these processes energy is released.	1/2
	(b) Calculate the energy release in MeV in the deuterium-tritium fusion reaction:	
	The energy released in the given reaction,	2
	$Q = [m(_1^2H) + m(_1^3H) - \{m(_2^4He) + m(n)\} u$	
	or $Q = [2.014102 + 3.016049 - \{4.002603 + 1.008665\}] u$ = $0.018883 \times 931.5 \text{ MeV}$ [:: $1u = 931.5 \text{ MeV}$]	
	= 17.59 MeV	
	SECTION-E	
31.	(a) Ray diagram to show refraction of ray of monochromatic light passing through a glass prism.	1
	Derivation the expression for the refractive index of glass in terms of angle of prism and angle of	2
	minimum deviation.	
	(b) Ray diagram showing the formation of image by a reflecting type telescope.	2
	OR	
	(a) Derivation a mathematical expression for the width of interference fringes obtained in Young's	
	double slit experiment with the help of a suitable diagram.	
	Diagram	1
	Derivation	2
	(b) Any two characteristic features which distinguish between interference and diffraction	
	phenomena.	1,1
32.	 (a) : Current leads the voltage by a phase angle of π/2, therefore device X is a capacitor. 	1/2
32.	Reactance $X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{2\pi vC}$	1
	Here, $v =$ Frequency, $C =$ Capacitance	1
	(b) Graphs of V and I with time.	
	lets the same and the same population of the same the sam	
		1
	$0 \pi/2$ π $3\pi/2$ 2π ωt	
	Personal Resolution (Control of the Control of the	
	(c) Reactance of a capacitor is inversely proportional to the frequency of a.c., i.e.	
	$X_C \propto \frac{1}{V}$	1/2
	***	1
	and and and and a Xe	
	and the believe the shariffer a state of the control of the best best best and the state of the 1945	
	ω or v	
		1

	(d) Phasor diagram for X (Capacitor)	
	$I_{m} \sin \omega t$ $I_{m} \sin (\omega t + \pi/2)$ OR	1
	(a) Principle of ac generator	1,2
	(b) Labelled diagram and working ac generator	
	(c) The coil of an ac generator having N turns, each of area A , is rotated with constant angular velocity ω . Derivation of the expression for the alternating emf generated in the coil.	2
33.	(a)Statement of Gauss's law in electrostatics.	1/2
	Explanation of the outward electric flux due to a point charge +q placed at the centre of a cube of side a. Why is it found to be independent of the size and shape of the surface enclosing it?	1½
	(b) Calculate the electric field intensity (i) in the outer region of the plates, and (ii) in the interior region between the plates.	
	Diagram	1
	Derivation of electric field	
	OR	1,1
	(a) Derivation an expression for the electric E due to a dipole of length '2a' at a point distant r	
	from the centre of the dipole on the axial line.	
	Diagram	1/2
	Derivation	11/2
	(b) graph of E versus r for $\mathbf{r} >> \mathbf{a}$.	1
	(c) If this dipole were kept in a uniform external electric field ${\bf E_0}$, diagrammatically represent the	
	position of the dipole in stable and unstable equilibrium and write the expressions for the torque acting on the dipole in both the cases.	1,1